D. Status of recommendations made in prior reports

The following tables provide the current status of the issues raised in our prior reports.

Figure D1
Status of recommendations from *State entities 2022* (Report 11: 2022–23)

audit reco	nmittees to actively monitor the implementation of ommendations (including internal audit ndations) and encourage the timely resolution of ing internal control weaknesses. (Audit committees of s)	Further action needs to be taken
REC 1	We recommend that audit committees of public sector entities actively monitor the implementation of audit recommendations and encourage the timely resolution of outstanding internal control weaknesses. This should ensure the agreed recommendations address the underlying cause of the issue and issues are resolved in accordance with agreed timelines. Audit committees play an integral role in ensuring effective internal controls, including holding management to account so that identified weaknesses are resolved appropriately and in a timely manner.	While we have seen an improvement each year in the number of deficiencies we report and their timely resolution, we continue to see issues that remain outstanding beyond agreed timelines. 20 per cent of the issues we raised with core departments in 2021–22 have not been resolved this year, and some issues are still outstanding from 2020–21.

Source: Queensland Audit Office.

Figure D2
Status of recommendations from *State entities 2021* (Report 14: 2021–22)

Advise on machinery of government changes, set performance measures, and monitor costs. (Central agencies)		Partially implemented
REC 1	 We recommend the Department of the Premier and Cabinet and Queensland Treasury take the following actions for future government restructures: Provide advice to the incoming or returning government on potential impacts of restructures, including the key risks to be managed and estimated costs to implement, drawing on lessons learnt from past machinery of government changes. Require departments to articulate, measure, and report on the benefits to be achieved from the machinery of government change and the cost to implement the restructure. This should include guidance on how to measure and report benefits and costs. 	In its response to this recommendation, the Department of the Premier and Cabinet indicated its agreement in principle to the recommendations made. The time frame for implementation was to be in the 2024–25 financial year, immediately following the 2024 state election. However, since we issued this report the state government has made machinery of government changes in May 2023 and December 2023.

	imeliness of financial statements being made publicly (Departments and relevant ministers)	Further action needs to be taken
REC 2	Departments and their ministers should explore opportunities for releasing the audited financial statements of public sector entities in a more timely way. This could involve departments progressively providing annual reports to the minister, instead of waiting to provide all annual reports in the portfolio at the same time. Queensland Treasury should consider legislative change to specify the maximum number of days between financial statement certification and tabling. This is the case for Queensland local governments, which must table their annual reports in council within one month of certifying their financial statements. Alternatively, the annual reports for abolished state government entities must be tabled within 14 days of being provided to the minister.	In its response to this recommendation, Queensland Treasury undertook to encourage tabling at the earliest opportunity but did not accept the recommendation to consider legislative change. We observed some improvement in the timeliness of annual report tabling, with a slight reduction in the number of days between when financial reports are signed by management and audit and when they are tabled in parliament. We recommend entities take action to improve timeliness of annual report tabling.
Ensure co	onsistent payroll processes are implemented. (All	Further action needs to be taken
REC 5	In addition to our recommendation from 2020–21 to promptly review payroll reports, we also recommend entities: • provide staff with internal policies and manuals that outline payroll processes • ensure staff consistently comply with these, particularly for processes such as employee terminations and approval of employee overtime.	We continue to identify departments that have not reviewed payroll reports in a timely manner or at all, and have inconsistencies in the completion of payroll processes. In 2023, we identified one significant deficiency and 7 deficiencies related to payroll in government departments. We identified 7 payroll-related significant deficiencies in other public sector entities.
Review procurement policies and manuals. (All entities)		Further action needs to be taken
REC 7	Entities should review their procurement policies and manuals to ensure they give clear guidance for staff to follow when making procurement decisions. The policies and manuals should also specify what documentation staff should maintain to record the process and decisions.	We continued to identify deficiencies relating to procurement and contract management processes at departments this year. This means that further action needs to be taken by departments to enhance their procurement practices.

Source: Queensland Audit Office.



Figure D3 Status of recommendations from *State entities 2020* (Report 13: 2020–21)

Further action needs to be taken Use recent financial statement preparation experiences, including responses to the COVID-19 pandemic, to identify improvements and plan for the year ahead. (All entities) REC 1 We recommend all entities use their recent financial statement Not all departments revisited their preparation experiences to update their initial self-assessment financial statement maturity selfagainst the maturity model - available on our website at assessments in 2022-23. www.qao.qld.gov.au/reports-resources/better-practice. This Departments should ensure should include reflection on the process changes made in assessments are current and action response to the COVID-19 pandemic, and planning early for plans are put in place to address the 2020–21 financial statements, given the uncertainty about areas requiring improvement. what challenges the year ahead might bring. Where areas for improvement are identified, each entity should establish an implementation plan, with oversight by its audit Where a machinery of government change has resulted in functions moving between departments, departments should conduct a review to align their financial statement preparation processes within the new department and reassess the maturity of those processes. Strengthen the security of information systems. (All entities) Further action needs to be taken REC 3 We recommend all entities strengthen the security of their While entities continued to resolve the information systems. They rely heavily on technology, and specific issues we reported to them, increasingly, they must be prepared for cyber attacks. Any we still continue to identify new unauthorised access could result in fraud or error, and control weaknesses with the security significant reputational damage. of their information systems. Entities need to be vigilant to maintain Their workplace culture, through their people and processes, effective internal controls and protect must emphasise strong security practices to provide a systems from attack. foundation for the security of information systems. Entities should: provide security training for employees so they understand the importance of maintaining strong information systems, and their roles in keeping them secure assign employees only the minimum access required to perform their job, and ensure important stages of each process are not performed by the same person regularly review user access to ensure it remains appropriate monitor activities performed by employees with privileged access (allowing them to access sensitive data and create and configure within the system) to ensure they are appropriately approved implement strong password practices and multifactor authentication (for example, a username and password, plus a code sent to a mobile), particularly for systems that record sensitive information encrypt sensitive information to protect it patch vulnerabilities in systems in a timely manner, as upgrades and solutions are made available by software providers to address known security weaknesses that could be exploited by external parties. Entities should also self-assess against all of the

recommendations in *Managing cyber security risks* (Report 3: 2019–20) to ensure their systems are appropriately secured.

Verify changes to supplier and employee information to prevent fraud. (All entities)		Further action needs to be taken
REC 4	We recommend all entities ensure requests to change employee and supplier bank account details are verified using independently sourced information and reviewed by a person who is not involved in processing the change.	While not as common an issue as what it was in prior years, some entities are still working to address previously identified issues.
Promptl	y review employee payments. (All entities)	Further action needs to be taken
REC 5	All entities need to ensure managers have ready access to payroll reports that are easy to use and contain all required information; understand the importance of reviewing these reports in a timely manner each fortnight; and have a consistent and efficient process for documenting their review.	We continue to identify departments that have not reviewed payroll reports (in a timely manner or at all) and have inconsistencies in the completion of payroll processes.
Automa (All enti	te financial approvals and monitoring of internal controls.	Further action needs to be taken
REC 6	All entities need to ensure their systems and processes (internal controls) are set up so financial approval occurs correctly in the financial system. They also need to invest in tools that will promptly detect breakdowns in internal controls.	No new issues. Entities are continuing to implement processes to ensure staff understand the assigned financial delegations and that sufficient monitoring controls are in place to prevent expenditure being approved by staff outside delegation limits.

Source: Queensland Audit Office.

Recommendation status definitions

Where a recommendation is specific to an entity, we have reported on the action that entity has taken and whether the issue is considered to be *fully implemented*, *partially implemented*, *not implemented*, or *no longer applicable*.

Status		Definition	
Fully implemented	Recommendation has been implemented, or alternative action has been taken that addresses the underlying issues and no further action is required. Any further actions are business as usual.		
Partially implemented	Significant progress has been made in implementing the recommendation or taking alternative action, but further work is required before it can be considered business as usual. This also includes where the action taken was less extensive than recommended, as it only addressed some of the underlying issues that led to the recommendation.		
Not implemented	Recommendation accepted	No or minimal actions have been taken to implement the recommendation, or the action taken does not address the underlying issues that led to the recommendation.	
	Recommendation not accepted	The entity (or entities) did not accept the recommendation.	
No longer applicable	Circumstances have fundamentally changed, making the recommendation no longer applicable. For example, a change in government policy or program has meant the recommendation is no longer relevant.		



Where a general recommendation has been made for all entities to consider, we have assessed action on issues reported to specific entities in the prior year, as well as any further issues identified in the current year. On this basis, we have concluded whether *appropriate action has been taken* across the sector, or if *further action needs to be taken* to address the risk identified.

Status	Definition	
Appropriate action has been taken	Recommendations made to individual entities have been implemented, or alternative action has been taken that addresses the underlying issues, and no further action is required. No new issues have been identified across the sector that indicate an ongoing underlying risk to the sector that requires reporting to parliament.	
Further action needs to be taken	Recommendations made to individual entities have not been fully implemented, and/or new recommendations have been made to individual entities, indicating further action is required by entities in the sector to address the underlying risk.	